# A Review of Multiple Consumer Digital Radon Monitors at Three Radon Exposure Levels

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### Purpose

KSU Radon Programs, via the cooperative partnership with the U.S. EPA to provide national radon technical assistance, conducted an abridged evaluation of multiple consumer-grade digital radon monitors.

### One Previous Study

- Published in the Journal of Radiological Protection
  - "A comparison of consumer-grade electronic radon monitors" (Pam Warkentin et al 2020 *J. Radiol. Prot.* 40 1258)
  - Looked at 6 different models (5 of each type)
  - Performed 4 different exposures
    - Winter and Summer at action level
    - Winter at twice action level
    - Winter at 5 times action level
  - Looked at measurement error for each exposure

### Overview

- Models to be reviewed include:
  - Device A (brand name withheld by request)
  - Corentium Home
  - Airthings View Radon
  - Airthings Wave Radon
  - SunRadon Lüft
  - Ecosense Radon Eye
  - Ecosense EcoQube
  - Ecosense EcoBlu

### Procedure

- Five copies of each device model were exposed simultaneously at:
  - Approximately twice the national action level
    - Goal was 8-10 pCi/L
  - Room ambient radon levels
  - Approximately 8 times the national action level
    - Goal was 25-30 pCi/L
- For all three exposures the temperature and relative humidity was set at household ambient levels
- Exposures were 7 days long
- Data analysis used the device evaluation metrics in the ANSI/AARST MS-PC

### What does the MS-PC evaluate?

- "This standard specifies the minimum performance criteria and testing procedures for instruments and/or systems designed to quantify the concentration of Radon-222 gas in air."
- Testing Criteria
  - Accuracy and Precision
  - Minimum Detectable Concentration or Integrated Concentration
  - Proportionality
  - Temperature
  - Humidity
  - Compliance

### What does the MS-PC evaluate?

- Accuracy and Precision
  - MS-PC Criteria
    - Each device shall demonstrate an Individual Percent Error (IPE) within 0 ± 25% when tested at:
      - A radon concentration in the range of 6-15 pCi/L
      - A temperature in the range of 65-75° F; and
      - A relative humidity in the range of 10-55% with radon concentration, temperature, and relative humidity held as constant as practicable
    - The precision of the devices shall be assessed using the Coefficient of Variation (CV) of the set of five devices which shall be less than or equal to 15%

### What did we evaluate?

 Individual Percent Error (IPE): The degree from which a single measure value (X) deviate from the conventionally true value (T)

• IPE = [100(X - T)/T]]

 Coefficient of Variation (CV): The sample standard deviation (s) of a set of measurements expressed as a percentage of the arithmetic mean of the measurements

• 
$$CV = 100 * \left(\frac{s}{mean}\right)$$

## Device Output- EID/CRM

- Single Data Point (Daily, 7 day, long term)
  - Device A
  - Corentium Home
  - EcoBlu
- Online Interface with Hourly Data
  - Airthings View Radon
  - Airthings Wave Radon
  - SunRadon Lüft
  - Ecosense Radon Eye
  - Ecosense EcoQube

# Exposure 1

Goal: 8-10 pCi/L

## Exposure 1 Conditions

- Performed three 7 day runs
- Dates:
  - 5/31/23-6/7/23
  - 6/7/23-6/14/23
  - 6/29/23-7/6/23
- Goal: 8-10 pCi/L
- Chamber Radon Values:
  - 12.8 pCi/L
  - 13.7 pCi/L
  - 15.5 pCi/L

- Temperature:
  - 74.0°F
  - 73.9°F
  - 72.7°F
- Humidity:
  - 18.9%
  - 15.8%
  - 17.3%
- Barometric Pressure:
  - 28.69 in Hg
  - 28.59 in Hg
  - 28.60 inHg

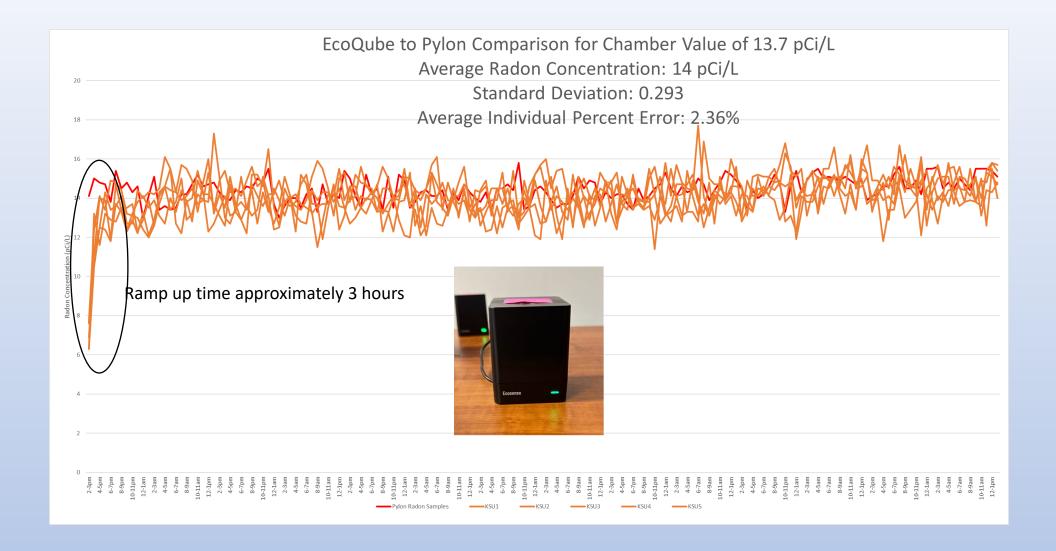
## Summary of Results for Exposure 1

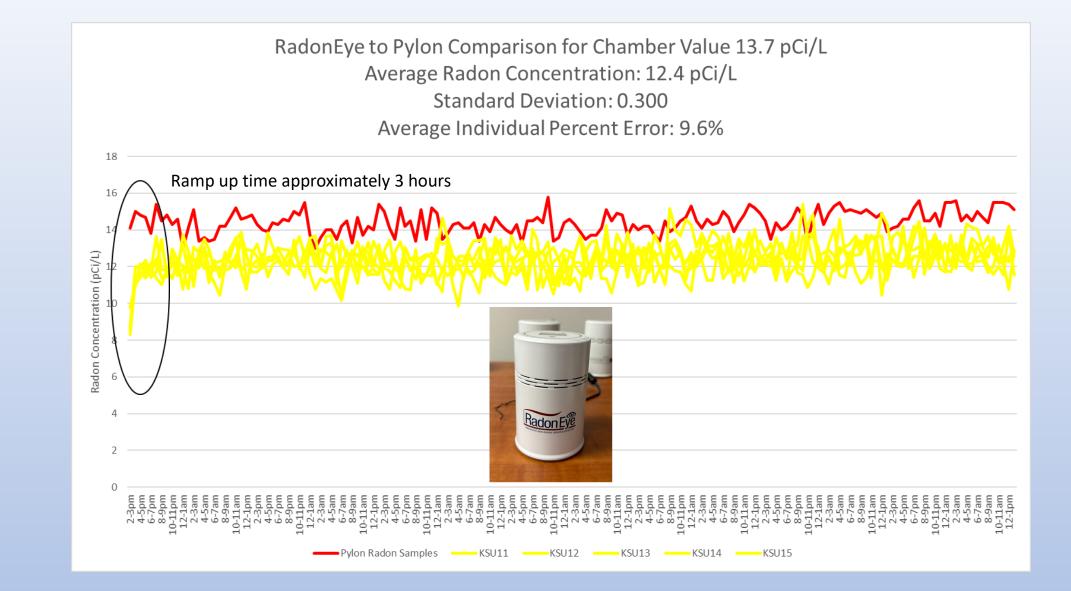
Device	Individual Percent Error (Should be 0 ± 25% for each of 5 devices)	Average Individual Percent Error Across all 5 devices	Coefficient of Variation (Should be ≤15%)	Average Radon Concentratio n (pCi/L)
Device A	$\checkmark$	6.3%	7.2%	12.5 pCi/L
EcoQube	$\checkmark$	2.36%	2.1%	14.0 pCi/L
EcoBlue	$\checkmark$	18.04%	1.8%	10.5 pCi/L
RadonEye	$\checkmark$	9.6%	2.4%	12.4 pCi/L
Lüft	$\checkmark$	20.3%	3.6%	12.4 pCi/L
View Radon		28.4%	5.6%	9.16 pCi/L
Wave Radon	$\checkmark$	3.9%	4.5%	14.2 pCi/L
Corentium Home	$\checkmark$	8.7%	7.7%	11.7 pCi/L

## Electronic Integrating Devices

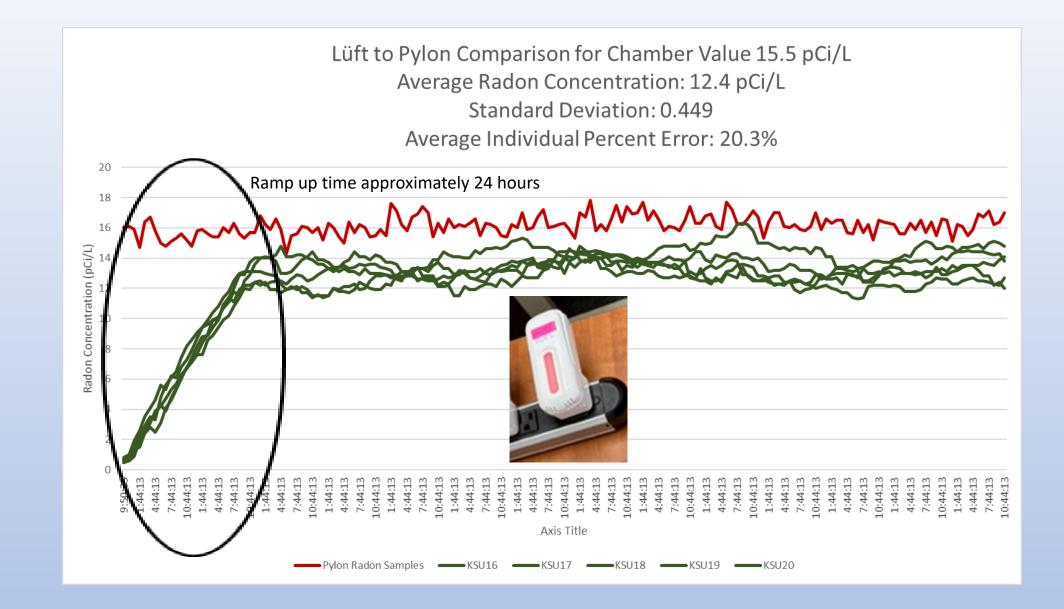
• These do not allow retrievable hourly data

Chamber Value of 12.8 pCi/L	Device A	EcoBlue	Corentium Home
Average Individual Percent Error	6.3%	18%	8.7%
Standard Deviation	0.896	0.191	0.897
Average Radon Concentration	12.5 pCi/L		AN HORS LOC WARANEER 2009 MICH WARANEER 2007





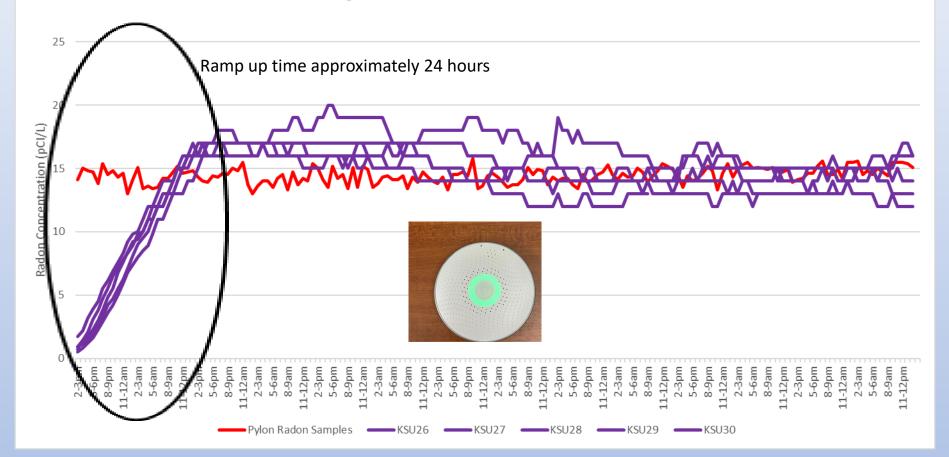
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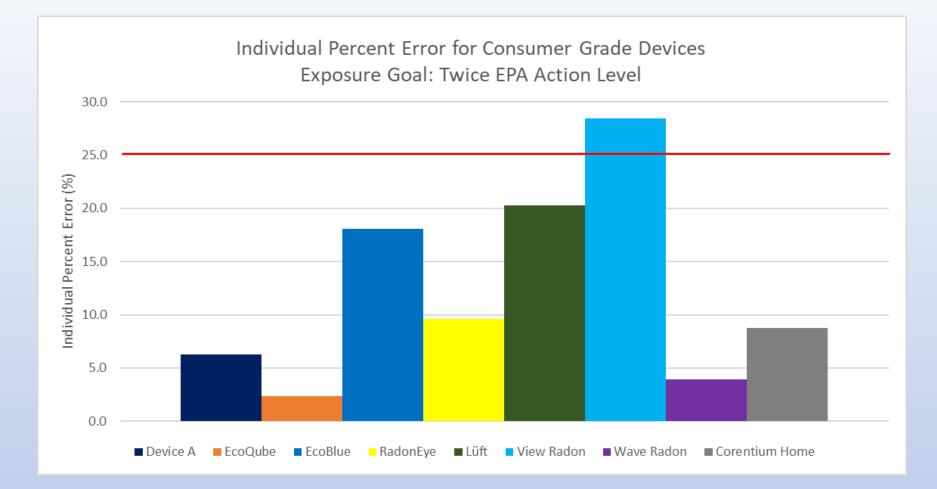
View Radon to Pylon Comparison for Chamber Value 12.8 pCi/L Average Radon Concentration: 9.16 pCi/L Standard Deviation: 0.513 Average Individual Percent Error: 28.4% 18 Ramp up time approximately 26 hours 10 00 0.5 PE 0-11am 1-2pm 1-2pm 1-2pm 1-2pm 1-2am 1-2pm Pylon Radon Samples ——KSU21 ——KSU22 ——KSU23 ——KSU24 ——KSU25

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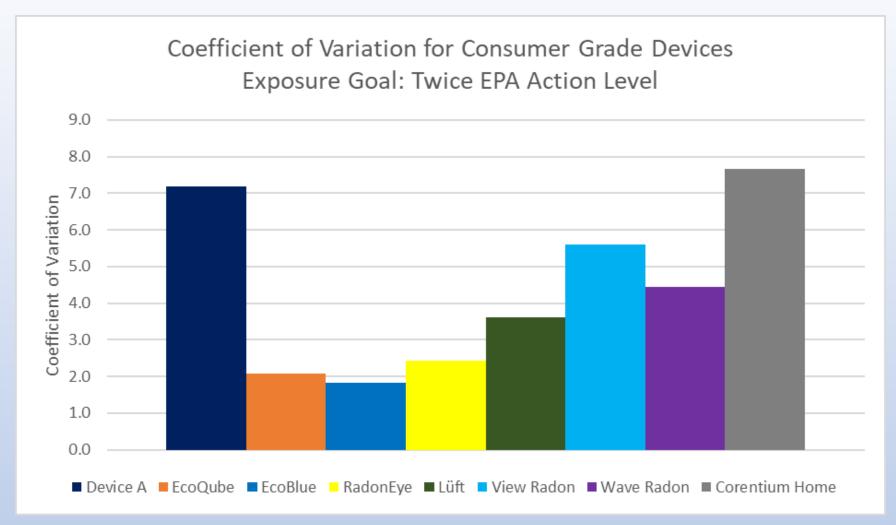
Wave Radon to Pylon Comparison for Chamber Value of 13.7 pCi/L Average Radon Concentration: 14.2 pCi/L Standard Deviation: 0.632 Average Individual Percent Error: 3.9%



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Individual Percent Error (IPE): The degree from which a single measure value (X) deviates from the conventionally true value (T)



Coefficient of Variation (CV): The ratio of the standard deviation to the mean. The higher the CV, the greater dispersion around the mean. Goal: CV less than 15%

# Exposure 2

**Ambient Air** 

## Ambient Air Exposure Conditions

- Performed one 7 day run
- Dates: 6/15/23-6/22/23
- Goal: Ambient Air
- Ambient Radon Value Average: 0.63 pCi/L
- Temperature: 70°F
- Humidity: 43.4%
- Barometric Pressure: 28.64 inHg

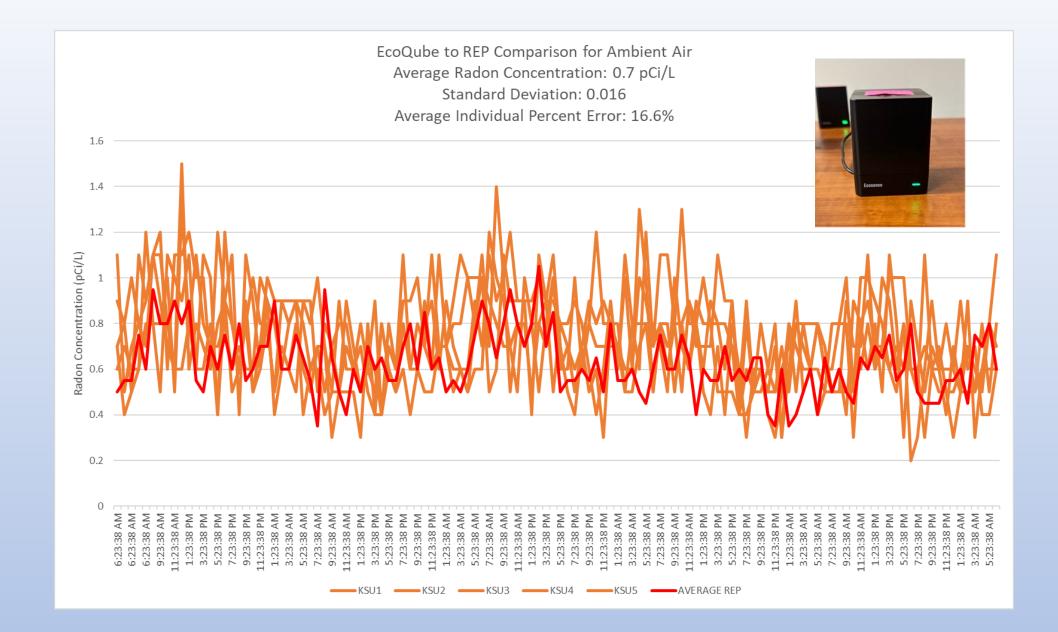
### Summary of Results for Exposure 2

Device	Average Individual Percent Error Across all 5 devices	Coefficient of Variation (Should be ≤15%)	Average Radon Concentratio n (pCi/L)
Device A	32.7%	18.1%	0.8 pCi/L
EcoQube	16.6%	2.2%	0.7 pCi/L
EcoBlue	4.3%	4.5%	0.6 pCi/L
RadonEye	4.0%	5.4%	0.6 pCi/L
Lüft	16%	17.4%	0.6 pCi/L
View Radon	12.4%	14.6%	0.6 pCi/L
Wave Radon	15.3%	21.3%	0.7 pCi/L
Corentium Home	14.3%	6.1%	0.5 pCi/L

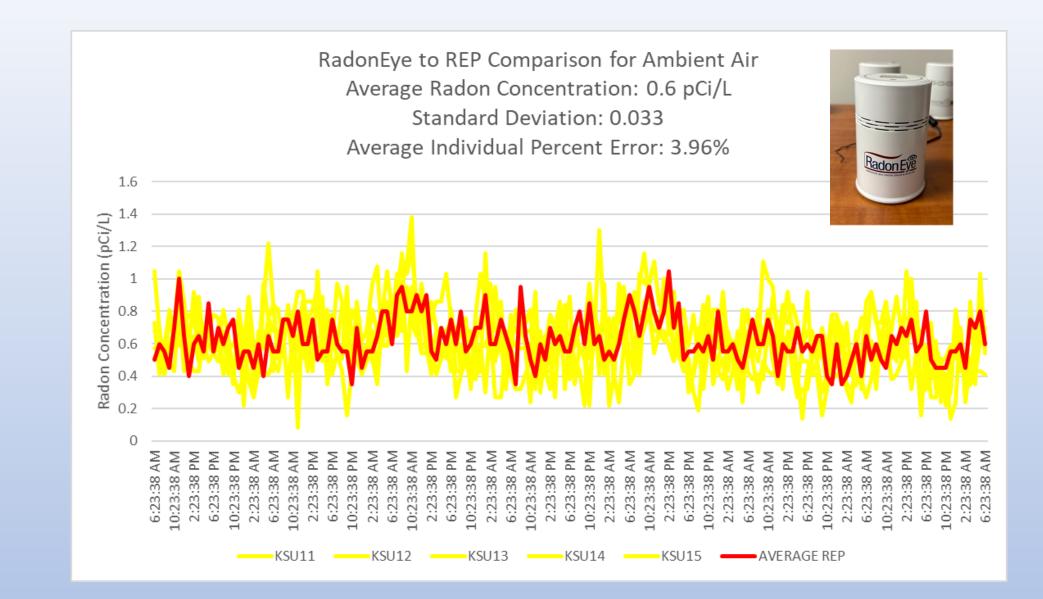
## Electronic Integrating Devices

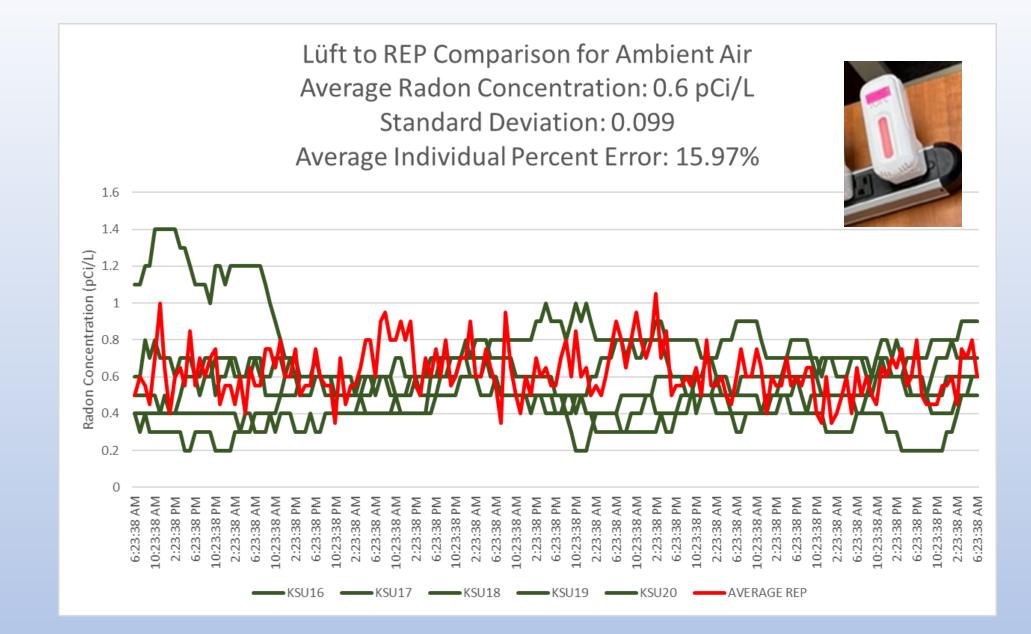
• These do not allow retrievable hourly data

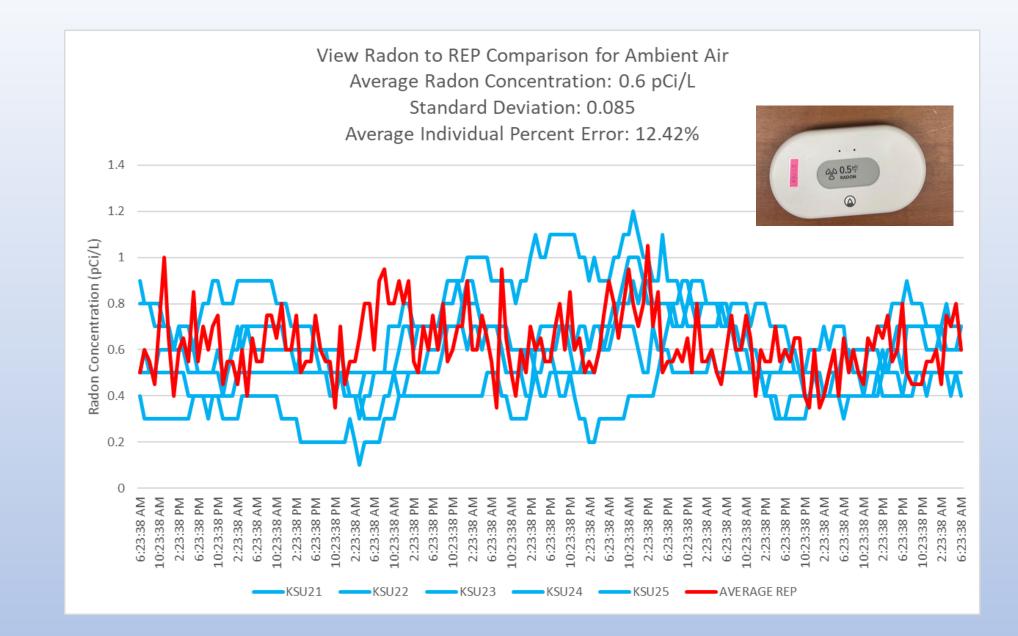
Average Ambient Air 0.6 pCi/L	Device A	EcoBlue	Corentium Home
Average Individual Percent Error	32.7%	4.3%	14.3%
Standard Deviation	0.148	0.027	0.033
Average Radon Concentration	0.8 pCi/L		CHO THE MERKER 270 <sup>4</sup> WHEN MERKER 2 <sup>1</sup> 037 <sup>4</sup>

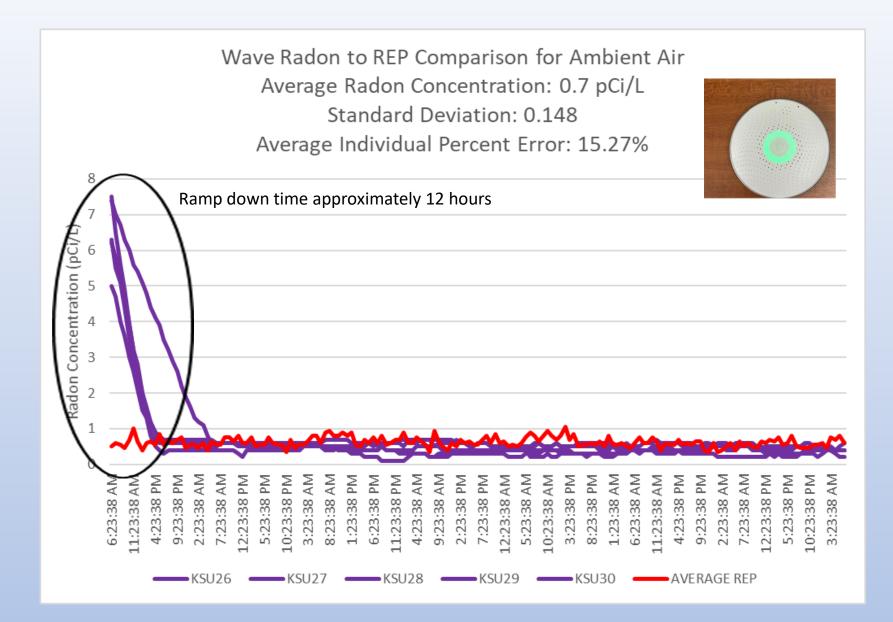


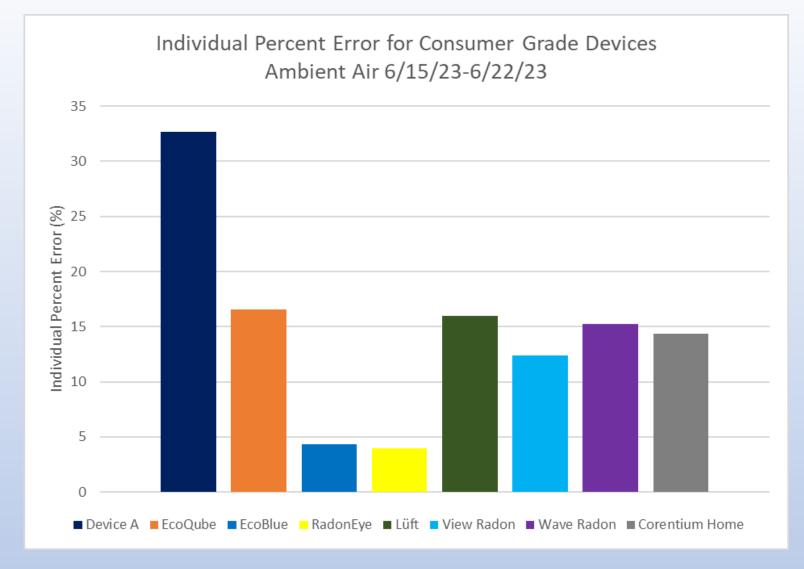
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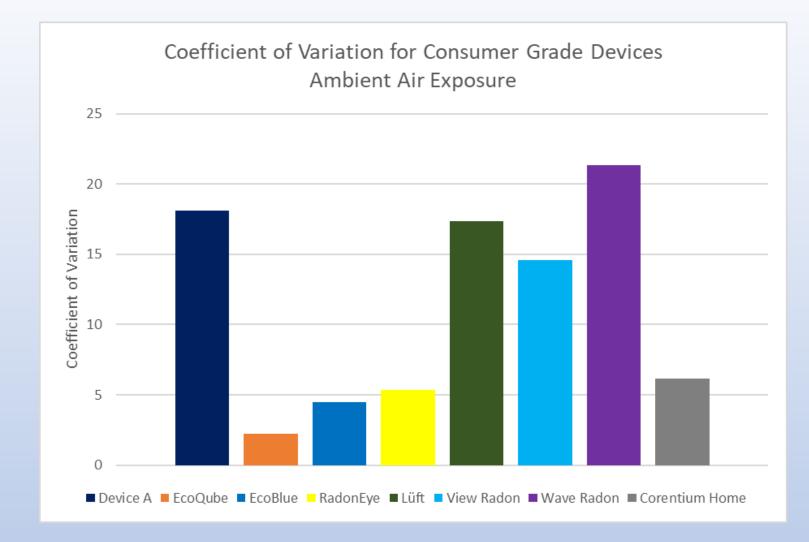








Individual Percent Error (IPE): The degree from which a single measure value (X) deviates from the conventionally true value (T)



Coefficient of Variation (CV): The ratio of the standard deviation to the mean. The higher the CV, the greater dispersion around the mean.

## Exposure 3

Goal: 25-30 pCi/L

## **Exposure 3 Conditions**

- Performed three 7 day runs
- Dates:
  - 7/24/23-7/31/23
  - 7/31/23-8/7/23
  - 8/7/23-8/14/23
- Goal: 25-30 pCi/L
- Chamber Radon Values:
  - 27.7 pCi/L
  - 28.9 pCi/L
  - 29.4 pCi/L

- Temperature:
  - 73.2°F
  - 73.1°F
  - 72.7°F
- Humidity:
  - 27.1%
  - 21.0%
  - 21.3%
- Barometric Pressure:
  - 27.00 in Hg
  - 28.68 in Hg
  - 28.64 inHg

### Summary of Results for Exposure 3

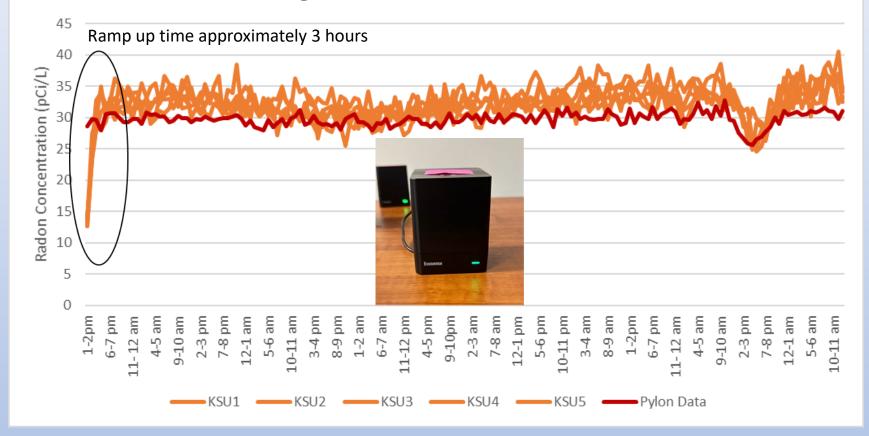
Device	Average Individual Percent Error Across all 5 devices	Coefficient of Variation (Should be ≤15%)	Average Radon Concentratio n (pCi/L)
Device A	3.39%	2.69%	29.9 pCi/L
EcoQube	11.3%	2.91%	32.2 pCi/L
EcoBlue	13.3%	1.65%	24 pCi/L
RadonEye	4.29%	3.63%	26.5 pCi/L
Lüft	12.6%	2.27%	25.7 pCi/L
View Radon	5.95%	8.74%	27.4 pCi/L
Wave Radon	4.24%	4.78%	28.6 pCi/L
Corentium Home	3.14%	5.44%	24.1 pCi/L

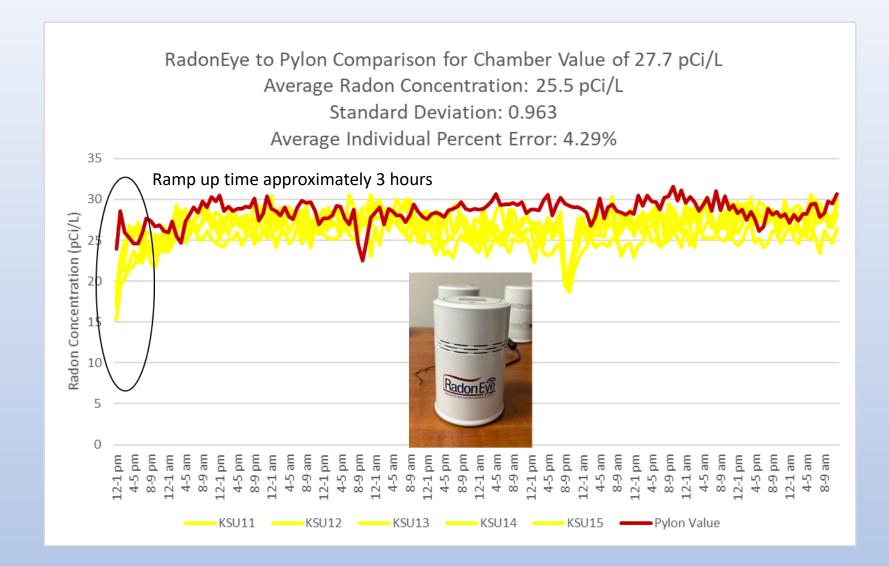
## Electronic Integrating Devices

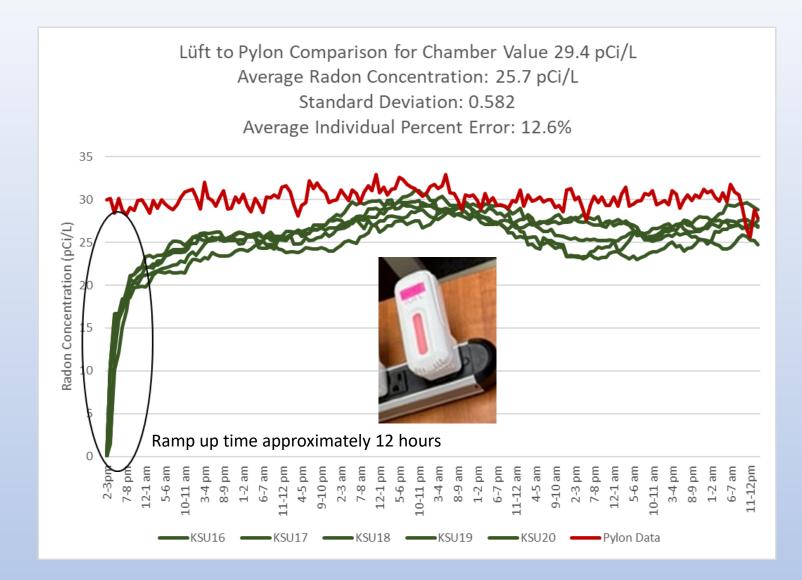
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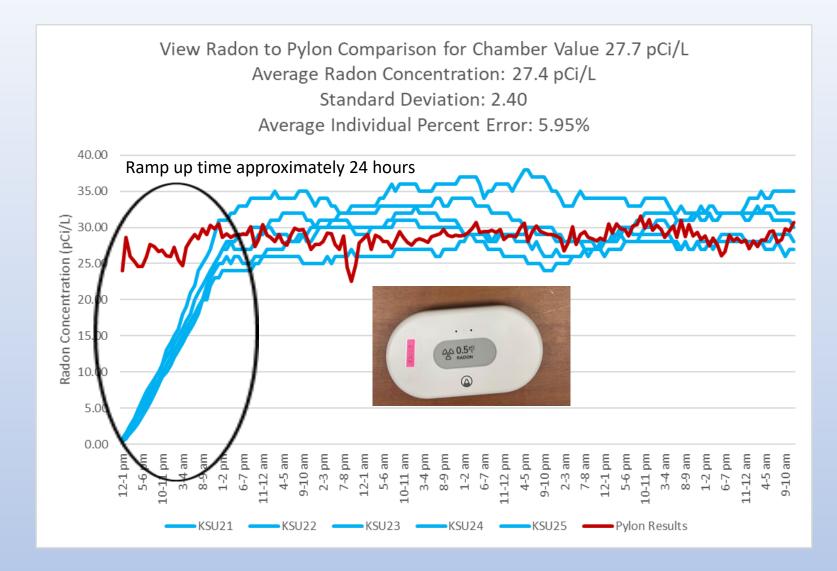
	Device A (Chamber Value of 28.9 pCi/L)	EcoBlue (Chamber Value of 27.7 pCi/L)	Corentium Home (Chamber Value of 27.7 pCi/L)
Average Individual Percent Error	3.39%	13.32%	3.14%
Standard Deviation	0.804	0.396	
Average Radon Concentration	29.9 pCi/L		

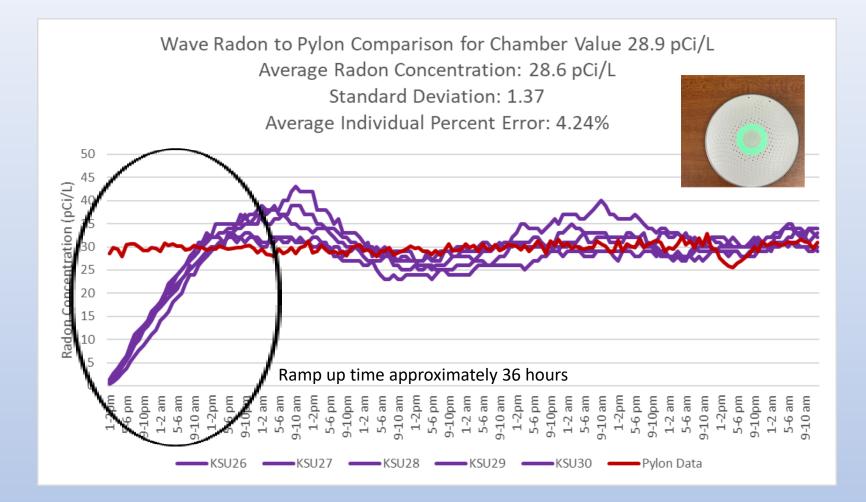
EcoQube to Pylon Comparison for Chamber Value 28.9 pCi/L Average Radon Concentration: 32.2 pCi/L Standard Deviation: 0.935 Average Individual Percent Error: 11.3%

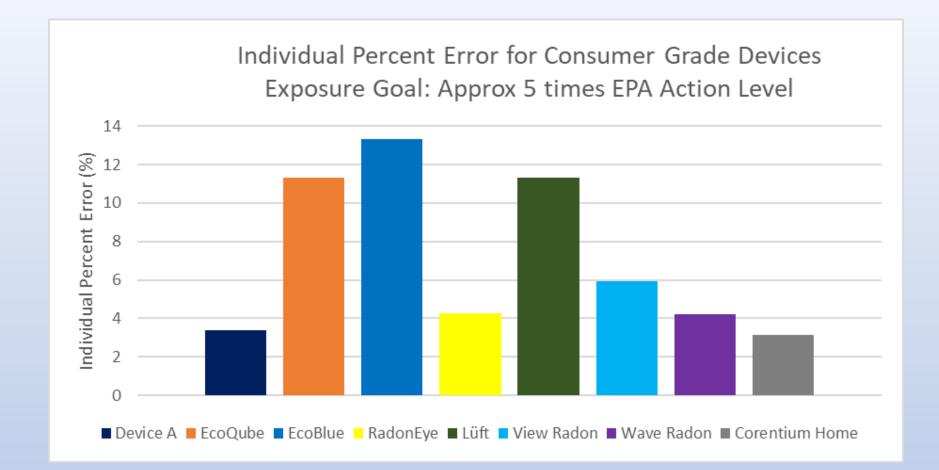




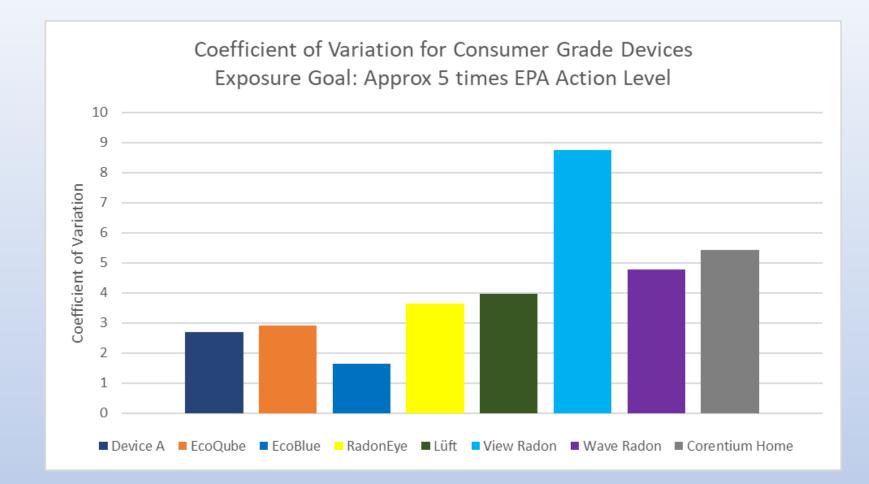






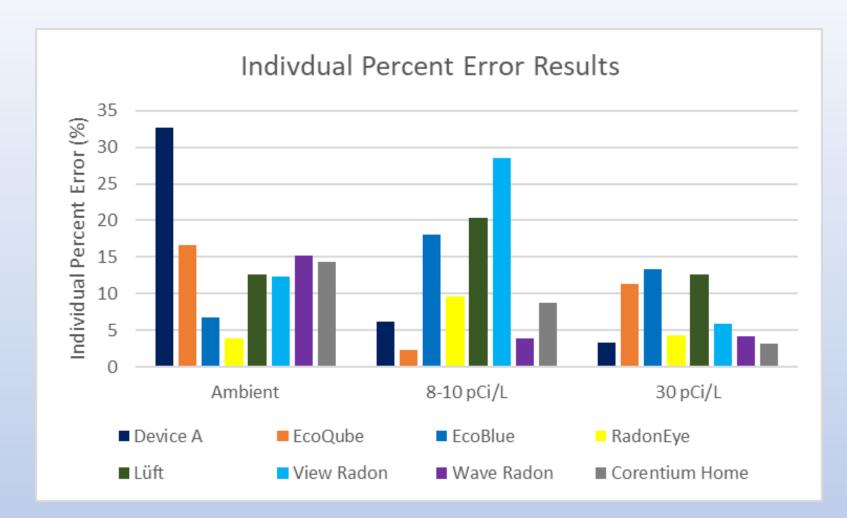


Individual Percent Error (IPE): The degree from which a single measure value (X) deviates from the conventionally true value (T)



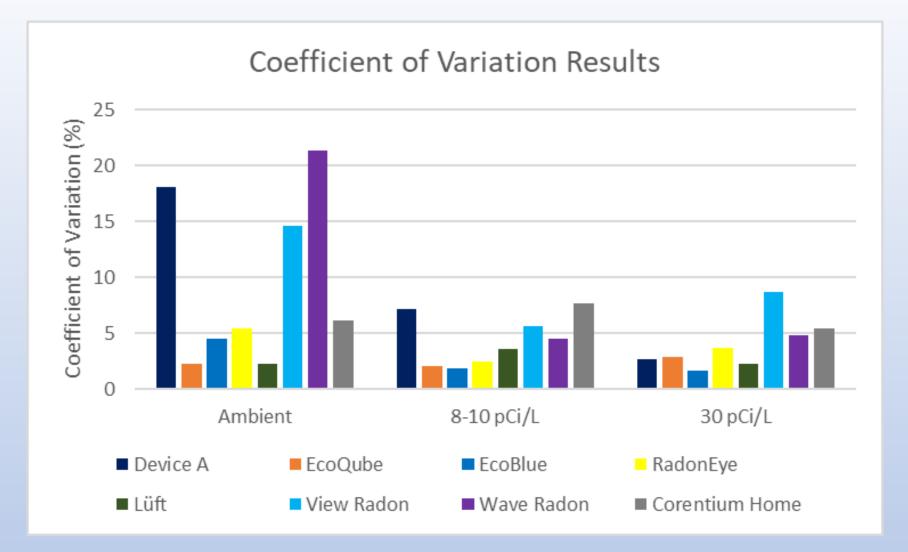
Coefficient of Variation (CV): The ratio of the standard deviation to the mean. The higher the CV, the greater dispersion around the mean.

# **Summary Data**



Expect lower IPE for higher concentrations

-More radon there is to measure the more accurate/precise our results



Coefficient of Variation is relative measure of variation

### Future Work

- Expose five copies of each device model to at least three times the low integrated concentration to test for proportionality
- Proportionality
  - The test for proportionality is the difference between the averages of the IPEs from the two sets of tests in the STAR
  - MS-PC Criteria
    - The difference between the average IPE of a set of five devices exposed at a non-zero low concentration and the average IPE of a set of five devices exposed at a high concentration shall be in the range of 0 ± 15%
      - The IPE of each individual measurement shall be in the range of 0 ± 25%, and the CV of each set of measurements shall be no greater than 15%

### **Contact Information**

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