From Mapping of Radon in Soil to Inventory of Radon Indoors - The Swedish Story -

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Presentation

- Linda Aguirre, Luleå Sweden
- Background in Business and Economics with a major in marketing
- Business Developer at Eurofins Radon Testing Sweden

Eurofins Group: a leading provider of testing and analytical services - *Testing for Life*Global Competence Center for Radon – cross-sell our analysis all around the world





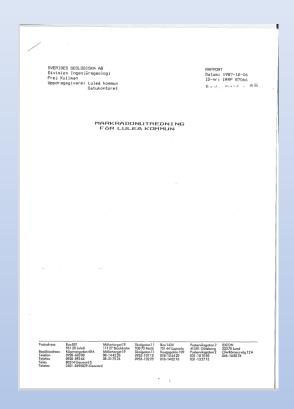
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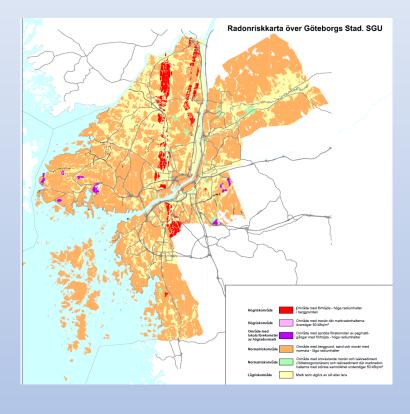


Mapping Radon in Soil

Sweden have a long history of measuring radon and produce Radon risk mapping

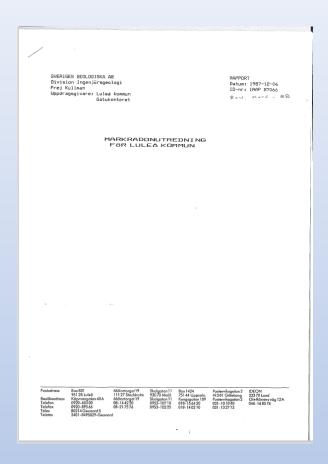






Mapping Radon in Soil

- In 1987 SGU was commissioned to produce a radonrisk map of Luleå municipality.
- Perform field inspections, inspections with gammaspectrometer together with measurements for radon in soil
- The purpose
 - Support authorities with information
 - Define focus areas invent and/or require measurements in soil and indoor air



Radon in Soil

- Radon-222 is formed upon decomposition of radium-226.
- The risk of soil radon from a soil type is determined by:
 - how high the content of radium-226 is in the bedrock
 - how much of all formed radon is emitted to the air in the pores
 - how easily the soil air type can be transported permeability
- High risk:
 - Coarse sand, Gravel and block-rich gravelly and sandy moraine
- Low risk:
 - Fine and coarse slit



Radon in Soil

- All homes with ground contact run the risk of getting high Rn levels indoors.
 - The soil plays an important role.
 - Ground air volume is large risk construction
 - Concrete slab, need to be pressure tested.
- Level of Rn in soil is based on level of Ra as well as soil conditions and its components.
- Different soils have different permeabilities



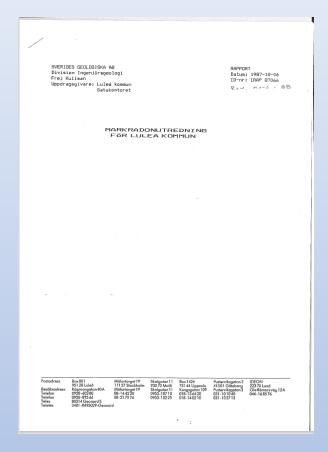
Different Risk Classifications on Soil

- High Rn risk soil area
 Level of radon in the soil air is >50 kBq/m³ (>1350 pCi/L)
- Normal Rn risk soil area
 Level of radon in the soil air is 10-50 kBq/m³ (270-1350 pCi/L)
- Low Rn risk soil area
 Level of radon in the soil air is <10 kBq/m³
 (<270 pCi/L)



Conclusions

Recommended methodology for further action after mapping



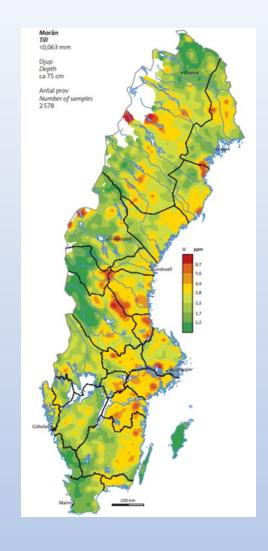
Conclusions

Recommended methodology for further action after mapping

- 1. Soil play an important part
- 2. Measure building within high-risk soil areas
 - especially buildings with basements
 - buildings created on ice river material or gravel
 - buildings created directly on bedrock or blasted rock fillings
- 3. Prioritize buildings where people are staying permanently like dwellings, apartment buildings and workplaces

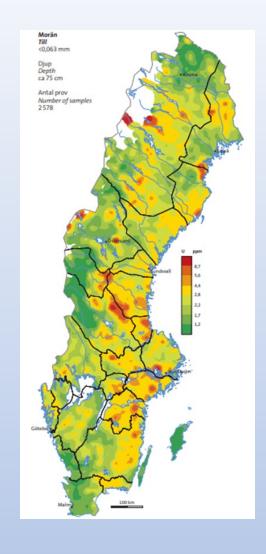
Risks with Mapping

- Mapping of radon in soil is a good start but also shows an overall plan in which areas there is a risk of high radon levels
- Always measure radon in soil before start construction of a new building – it's cheap and easy to use



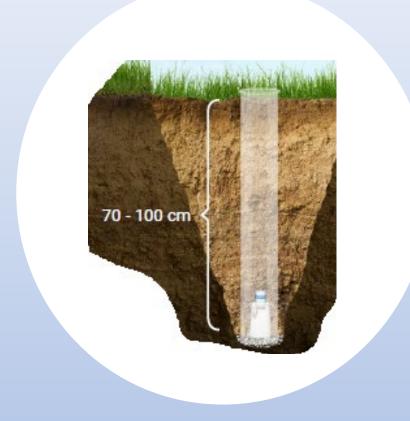
Risks with Mapping

- Radon maps are never a reliable tool for determining the indoor environment
- The only way to get a reliable picture of the radon level in indoor air is to measure
- Swedish Radiation Authorities prefer an analyze for Rn in indoors by Alpha Track method



Measure radon in soil with Alpha Track?

- Measure radon in soil with ROAC method preferred and used on the soil radon investigation from Luleå Municipality 1987
- Today you can measure radon in soil with alpha track detectors



Swedish history of measure Rn indoors

- Blue concrete → Sweden have a high competence in the Rn
- Sweden have method descriptions
- After the EU-Directive 2013/59/EURATOM Sweden established in 2018 a Radiation Protection Law
- The Swedish Radiation Protection Law prefer the Alpha Track method
- Proposed method globally for measure radon in indoor air



Swedish history of measure Rn indoors

- Today Swedish national guidelines as well as international guidelines exist for workplaces through IRMA
- The Swedish Work Environment Authority
- Municipalities



To know Rn level – measure

The whole world agrees – to know your level of Rn inside buildings you need to measure

"2013/59/EURATOM determines that all EU countries must develop an action plan to ensure that the level of Rn does not exceed 300 Bq / m3 for all employees on workplaces"



Many Thanks!



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